

# Update on Survivorship Passport



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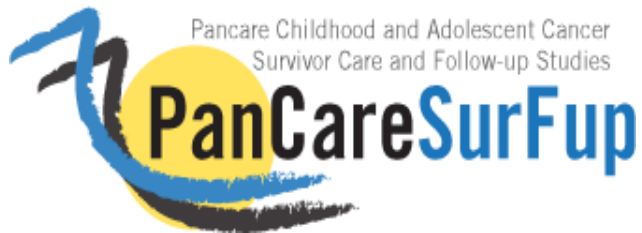


# Background

🌐 EU funded projects:

**ENCCA** (European Network Cancer Research in Childhood and Adolescents)

**PanCareSurFup** (PanCare Survivors Follow-up)



# What should be the passport?

- 🌐 A template of a document to be given to the individual patient at the moment of the elective end of therapies containing cancer history and therapy information
- 🌐 To provide advice and guidance on patient-specific long-term follow-up of possible late effects
- 🌐 Paper and electronic based, also for mobile access (smartphones)
- 🌐 All languages of the EU



# Why is a survivorship passport necessary? (1)

- 🌐 To know the medical history
- 🌐 Survivors are not aware or not well informed about the risks of potential late effects (or forget it)
- 🌐 To know what to do after end of Follow-up (check list what & when & why to do)
- 🌐 Those who understand the reasons will be more likely to continue follow-up care



# Why is a survivorship passport necessary? (2)

- 🌐 Transfer of information
- 🌐 Education about their own illness (risks, why special screenings, etc.)
- 🌐 Tool for Survivors → empowerment

**So much information necessary??**

YES





*This Survivorship Passport is a short summary extracted from the information reported in the medical record. It describes the disease and its clinical course as well the treatments you received.*

*This document does not replace the medical record that is always available at our center.*

## ELENA ROSSI

Passport number: IT120121005200

Demographic data			
Date of birth	30/10/1997	Gender	F
Place of residence	GENOVA		
Contact belonging to	Survivor		
E-mail	ROSSIELENA@GMAIL.COM	Mobile phone	338963521

Diagnosis		
Institution	Ospedale Gaslini - Genova	
Cancer category/name	Lymphoma and reticuloendothelial neoplasm: Hodgkin lymphoma	Date
		01/05/2009
Site	LYMPH NODES	
Site details	Lymph nodes of head, face and neck	
Laterality	Left	
High risk	No	
Genetic markers	cariotipo 46, XX femminile normale.	

Other diseases	
Predisposing genetics syndromes	No
Other medical conditions	No

Chemotherapy	
First malignant tumor	from 01/05/2009 to 11/11/2009
Drug	Total cumulative dose
Bleomycin	38 mg/m2
Cyclophosphamide	2.5 gr/m2
Doxorubicin	139 mg/m2

Surgery		
n.1	Date of surgery	01/05/2009
Institution of surgery	Ospedale Gaslini - Genova	
Surgery site	Lymph Nodes	
Site details	Lymph nodes of head, face and neck	
Surgery description		
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Radiation therapy	
n. 1	from 15/10/2009 to 10/11/2009
Site of treatment	HEART, MEDIASTINUM, AND PLEURA
Site details	Mediastinum, NOS
Total dose	3420 Gy
n. 2	from 15/10/2009 to 10/11/2009
Site of treatment	LYMPH NODES
Site details	Lymph nodes of head, face and neck
Total dose	3420 Gy

*Data are updated to the date of issue of the passport or the date of the last clinical examination certified by the physician.*

<b>BREAST CANCER</b>	<b>SURVEILLANCE REQUIRED</b>
	<b>Annual breast cancer surveillance with mammography and/or MRI (as defined by health care systems) <u>is recommended</u> for at least up to 50 years of age</b>

Passport issued by **Riccardo Haupt**  
 Institution **Ospedale Gaslini - Genova**  
 Date **05/10/2012**



Istituto Giannina Gaslini  
 UOC Ematologia e Oncologia  
 Responsabile Dott. G Dini  
 UOS Epidemiologia e Biostatistica  
 Responsabile Dott. R Haupt



# Current topic

- 🌐 Guidelines of follow-up (harmonization)
- 🌐 Data security and privacy issues
- 🌐 Implementation on a national level



# Conclusion

Treatment summary and recommended follow-up plan can be seen as a method

- 🌐 To improve communication
- 🌐 To achieve a better understanding of treatment
- 🌐 To understand health risks, possible late effects, necessity of screenings
- 🌐 Goal: Passport should be a standard of care in the follow-up of childhood cancer survivors



# Thank you

Any questions?

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